POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS) pl. M. Skłodowskiej-Curie 5, 60-965 Poznań

COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name				
Chemical and Process Thermodyna	amics			
			Course	
Field of study		Year/Semester		
Chemical Technology		II/3		
Area of study (specialization)		Profile of study		
-		general academic		
Level of study		Course offered in		
First-cycle studies		English		
Form of study		Requirements		
full-time		compulsory		
			Number	
of hours				
Lecture	Laboratory classes			
0	0	0		
Tutorials	Projects/seminars			
30	0			
Number of credit points				
2				
			Lecturers	
Responsible for the course/lecture	•	Responsible for the course/lecturer:		
Prof. Andrzej Lewandowski				
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tel. 061 665 23 09				
Wydział Technologii Chemicznej				
ul. M. Skłodowskiej-Curie 5, 60-965	Poznań			

Prerequisites

Students:

have knowledge in general chemistry (writing chemical reactions, converting concentrations, knowledge of laboratory glassware and basic laboratory equipment).

have knowledge in mathematics and physics enabling the introduction of problems in physical chemistry (basic laws of physics, differential calculus).

are able to prepare solutions of specific concentrations.



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are aware of further development of their competences.

Course objective

To familiarise students with basic problems in physical chemistry at the academic level in the field of: thermodynamic functions (the first and second laws of thermodynamics, the Gibbs free energy, thermochemistry, the thermodynamic equation of state), phase equilibrium – one-component and multi-component systems, surface and chemical equilibrium, colloidal systems and energy sources.

Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge

Students will be able to formulate and explain the basic theories of surface phenomena, heat engines and energy sources. K_W03, K_W10

Students will be able to define the basic concepts and laws of thermodynamics, determine the basic limitations and scope of their applicability; describe phenomena and processes in thermodynamics. K_W03, K_W10

Skills

Students will be able to obtain information from literature, databases and other sources; interpret it as well as draw conclusions and formulate and substantiate opinions. K_U01

Students will be able to plan and carry out measurements of basic physicochemical parameters. K_U22, K_U23

Students will be able to apply the principles of thermodynamics in the implementation of chemical processes. K_U23

Students will have the self-study skills in the subject. K_U05

Students will be able to elaborate, describe and present results of an experiment or theoretical calculations. K_U09

Social competences

Students will be aware of the responsibility for jointly performed tasks. They will be able to work as a team. K_K03

Students will understand the need for further training and developing their professional competences. K_K01

Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:



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Execises: grade on the basis of points obtained for activity during classes, writing tests. Passing exercises from 60%.

Programme content

Exercises:

Physicochemical calculations in the field of:

Chemical thermodynamics

First law of thermodynamics. Heat balance of chemical reactions. Calculation of thermal effects based on table values. Heat capacity Cv and Cp and their dependence on temperature. Standardization of thermal effects of chemical reactions. Second law of thermodynamics. Determining the direction of chemical transformation. Entropy as a state function of direction. Thermodynamic potentials calculating the constant equilibrium of chemical reactions. Determining the effect of temperature on equilibrium constant.

Teaching methods

Exercises with discussion. Deductive method. The exercises involve solving partial tasks and solving detailed problems.

Bibliography

Basic

1. P. Atkins, Physical Chemistry, Oxford University Press

2. RS. Barry, SA. Rice, J. Ross, Physical Chemistry, Wiley & Sons, New York 1980.

Additional

1. Physical Chemistry Instructions: http://zchf.fct.put.poznan.pl.

2. Thermodynamics Lab Instructions http://moodle.put.poznan.pl

Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	50	2,0
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	35	1,4
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for tests) ¹	15	0,6

¹ delete or add other activities as appropriate